## Life Cycle Testing and Evaluation of Energy Storage Devices

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## **SNL Energy Storage System Analysis Laboratory**

# Providing reliable, independent, third party testing and verification of advanced energy technologies for cell to MW systems

#### **Testing Capabilities Include:**

#### **Cell Testing**

- Temperature chambers for thermal control
- 100+ cell and battery testing channels:
  - 72 V 1000 A Bitrode (2 Channels)
  - 60 V 200 A Arbin (2 Channels)
  - 36 V 100 A Bitrode (3 Channels)
  - 36 V 25 A Bitrode (5 Channels)
  - 10 V 10 A Arbin (48 Channels)
  - 5 V 3 A Arbin (48 Channels)



72 V 1000 A Bitrode (2 Parallel Channels)

#### **System Testing**

- Temperature chambers for thermal control
- New Energy Storage Test Pad (ESTP) expands testing capabilities to include megawatt (MW) scale energy storage. This versatile facility is capable of testing in several configurations for many different applications.



**Energy Storage Test Pad (ESTP) (April 2010)** 



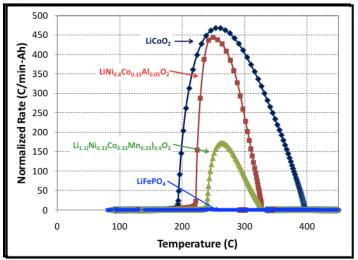


## **SNL Battery Abuse Testing Laboratory**

## Battery testing, cell measurements, and materials development to support the development of inherently safe lithium-ion chemistries

- Safety and abuse tolerance evaluation of energy storage devices from cells to kWh batteries:
  - Mechanical abuse
  - Thermal abuse
  - Electrical abuse
- Understanding degradation mechanisms that lead to cell failure
- Provide experimental data to support abuse and thermal modeling
- Cell prototyping facility for materials development

#### Understanding abuse tolerance







5 Wh failure event

50 Wh failure event



## FY 2011 testing activities

#### **Cell Level Testing**



East Penn Advanced
Battery Cells
(D. Enos 4:00 pm Thur.)



Altairnano Lithiumtitanate oxide cells 60 Ah and 11 Ah



International Battery Li-FePO<sub>4</sub> Cells

#### **Module Level Testing**



East Penn Ultrabattery® Modules



Furukawa Ultrabattery<sup>®</sup>
Modules



RedFlow 10kWh Zn-Br flow battery module (D. Rose 10:00 am Friday)





## FY11 Testing of Ultrabattery® modules



**East Penn** 

 Both Ultrabattery<sup>®</sup> designs incorporate a supercapacitor in parallel with the negative electrode in a VRLA 12 cell, 1,000 Ah, 24V battery module.

Tested with both a 'PV' and 'utility' cycle.

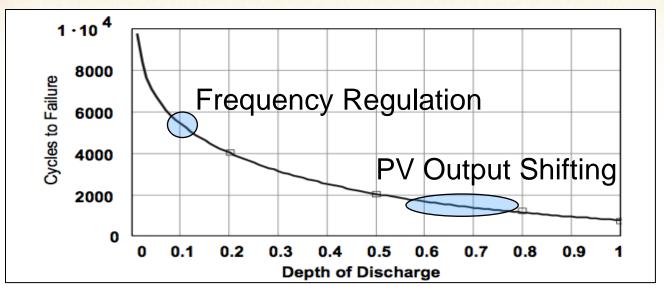


**Furukawa** 

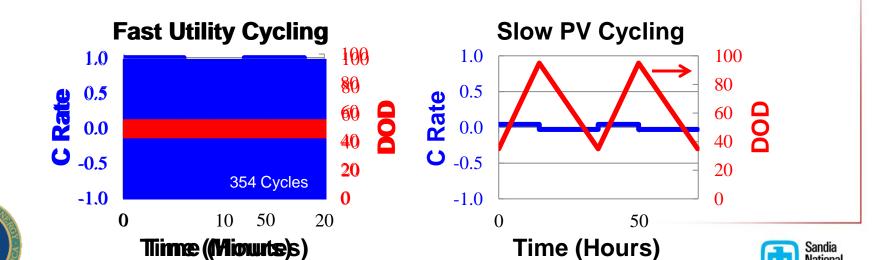




## Cycling protocols employed in testing

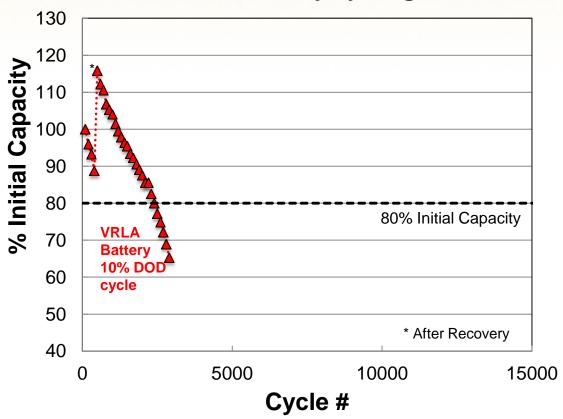


VRLA Life cycle data S. Drouilhet, B.L. Johnson, 1997 NREL



## East Penn Ultrabattery® performs much longer than VRLA





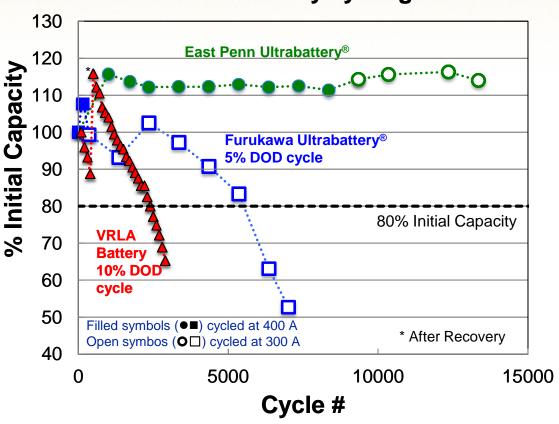
- Ultrabatteries® 1,000 AH, 0.4 C and 0.3 C 5% PSOC cycling
- VRLA 30 AH, 1C 10% PSOC cycling
- Temperature rise in Ultrabattery® modules required reducing current for further testing





## East Penn Ultrabattery® performs much longer than VRLA





Furukawa Ultrabattery<sup>®</sup> operated at elevated temperatures, leading to thermally activated degradation

East Penn Ultrabattery® shows no capacity loss after more than 13,000 cycles without recovering the battery

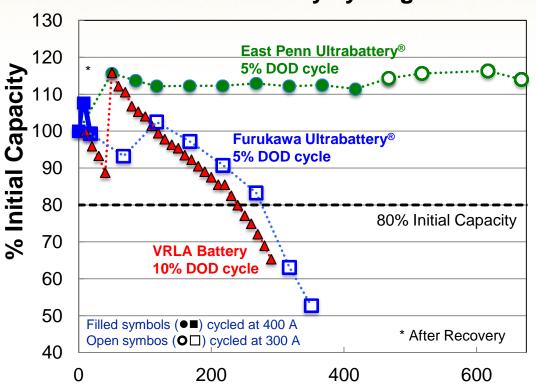
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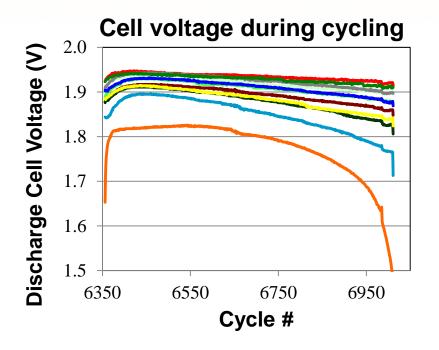
#### **Equivalent complete discharges**

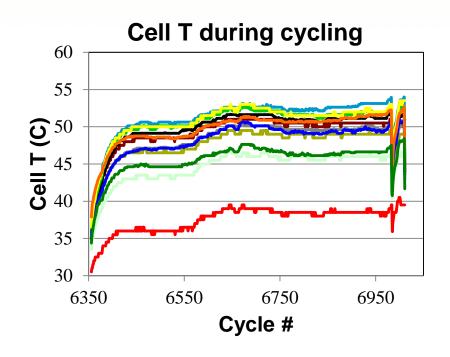
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## Elevated temperatures occurred in Furukawa Ultrabattery®





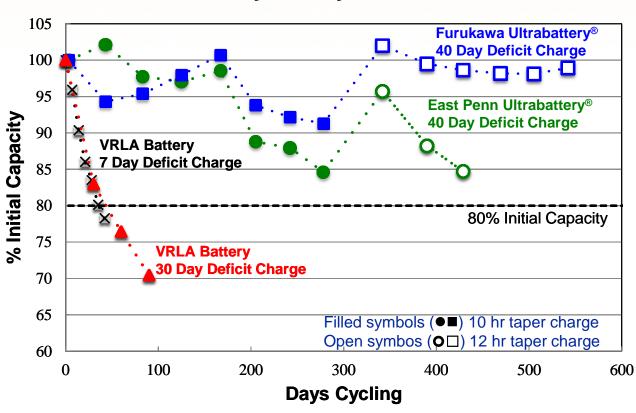


Furukawa Ultrabattery® operated at elevated temperatures, leading to thermally activated degradation



## Ultrabatteries® also perform much longer in PV cycling than VRLA

#### **PV Hybrid Cycle-Life Test**





Even at 40 day deficit charge, Ultrabatteries® have performance far surpassing traditional VRLA batteries even with as low as a 7 day deficit charge (without recovery by taper charge).



## Cell level testing underway

## FY11 testing on battery cells

 International battery Li-ion FePO<sub>4</sub> large format prismatic cells (160 Ah, 3.2 V)





 Altairnano lithium-titanate oxide cells (60 Ah and 11 Ah, 2.3 V)

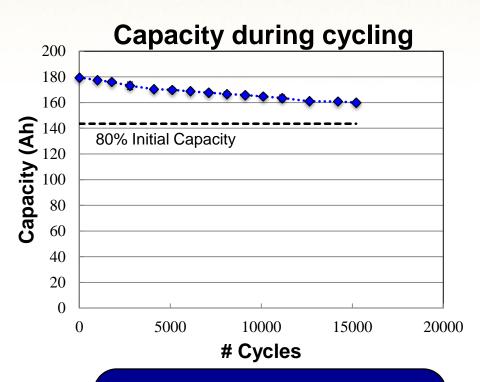




#### International battery cell capacity remains high after 15K+ cycles



International battery Li-ion FePO<sub>4</sub> large format prismatic 160 Ah cells



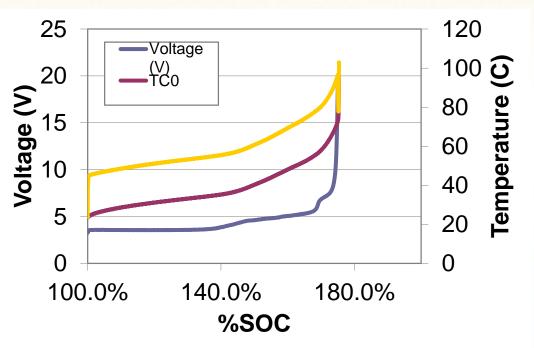
Two International Battery cells currently operating under utility cycle testing protocol: 10% SOC cycles at 100 A current





#### International battery cell performed well under aggressive abuse





Under overcharge abuse the cell vented and the case deformed but remained intact without catastrophic failure and thermal runaway did not occur.



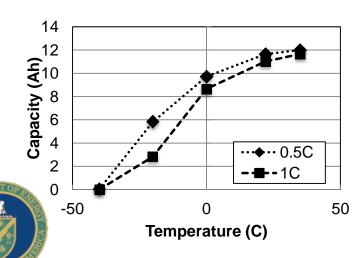


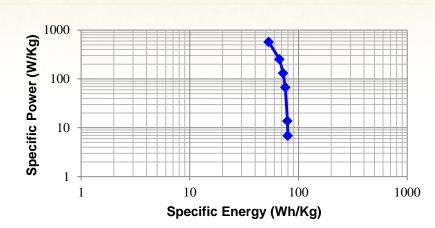
## **Characterization of Altairnano cells**

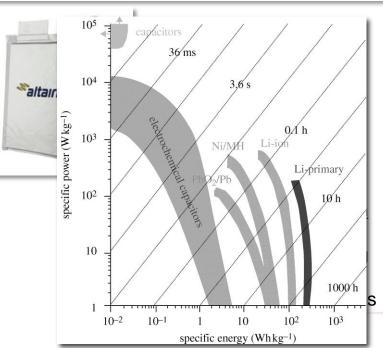


Initial Capacity	12.58 ± 0.06 Ah
3 Month Self- Discharge	4.82 ± 0.03%

#### Capacity as a function of T







Simon P , Gogotsi Y Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A 2010;368:3457-3467



## Summary/conclusions to date

- East Penn Ultrabattery® performs best in fast utility cycling, completing over 13,000 5% cycles with no loss in capacity.
- Furukawa Ultrabattery<sup>®</sup> performs best under deep DOD slow PV cycling, even at 40 day deficit charging.
- International Li-ion FePO<sub>4</sub> cells have lost 11% of the initial capacity after over 15,000 10% cycles.
- Altairnano Li-titanate oxide cells have had initial characterization and will be cycled in FY12.





## **FY-12 testing activities**

 Complete cycling of UltraBattery<sup>®</sup> modules and International Li-FePO<sub>4</sub> Cells

Continue Utility Cycle Test; end condition of 20% capacity loss or 365 days cycled

- Utility Cycle Altairnano Li-Titanate Oxide Cell
   Utility Cycle Test end condition of 20% capacity loss or
   1 yr is complete
- Bring flow battery testing online with:
  - Red Flow Zn-Br modules
  - CUNY Ni-Zn modules



A RedFlow 5 kW 10 kWh zinc-bromine flow battery module.





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#### **Contact Information**

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## **Acknowledgments**

- Thank you to Dr. Imre Gyuk for funding energy storage testing
- Thank you to collaborating battery manufacturers







EAST PENN manufacturing co., inc.





